CLAIMS

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- 1. Use of cetirizine, an individual optical isomer thereof or a pharmaceutically

 controlle salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament intended for preventing
 the onset of asthma in a patient.
 - 2. Use of cetirizine, an individual optical isomer thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament intended for preventing the onset of asthma in a patient, the said medicament being administered to the patient prophylactically prior to the onset of asthma.
- 10 3. Use of cetirizine, an individual optical isomer thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament intended for preventing the sensitisation of patient at risk of developing asthma diseases.
 - 4. Use according to claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein the salt is the cetirizine dihydrochloride.
 - 5. Use according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, wherein the patient is an infant or a child.
- 15 6. Use according to claim 5, wherein the patient is aged 1 to 4 years.
 - 7. Use according to any one of claims 1 to 6, which comprises administering a daily dosage from about 0,0005 mg to about 2 mg of said cetirizine, said individual optical isomer thereof or said pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, per kg of body weight per patient.
- Use according to claim 7, which comprises administering a daily dosage from about 0,05 mg to about 1 mg per kg of body weight per patient.
 - 9. Use according to any one of claims 1 to 8, which comprises administration 1 to 3 times a day.
- 10. Use according to any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein said cetirizine, said individual optical isomer thereof or said pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is administered orally.
 - 11. A method for preventing the onset of asthma which comprises administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of cetirizine, an individual optical isomer thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Table 1: Occurrence of Asthma by Baseline Atopic Characteristics Placebo ITT Population (n = 397)

•	Normal	Elevated	RR for developing	Log-Rank
	(%)	(%)	asthma in presence of	Test
			elevated marker	p value
			[95% CI]	
Total IgE (PRIST)	(33.5)	(43.6)	1.3	0.027
1			[1.0; 1.7]	
IgE Grass pollen (GX1)*	(35.0)	(58.8)	1.7	< 0.001
			[1.2; 2.3]	
IgE HDM (D1)*	(34.7)	(51.5)	1.5	0.005
			[1.1; 2.0]	
IgE Cat dander (E1)*	(33.2)	(47.1)	1.4	0.032
			[1.0; 1.9]	
IgE Egg (F1)*	(30.7)	(39.3)	1.3	0.152
			[0.9; 1.8]	
IgE Milk (F2)*	(36.0)	(40.9)	1.1	0.250
			[0.9; 1.5]	
IgE HDM+Grass Pollen	(32.9)	(53.7)	1.6	<0.001
			[1.2; 2.1]	
Eosinophil count	(34.9)	(47.6)	1.4	0.066
			[1.0; 1.9]	

ITT Intention-to-treat
RR relative risk

CI confidence interval

() Pharmacia & Upjohn Diagnostics references

30 HDM House Dust Mite
Elevated values Total IgE: ≥30 kU/l,

Specific IgE : ≥0.35 kUA/l, Eosinophils : >0.7 giga/l

Table 2: Occurrence of Asthma by Treatment in the ITT population

		Placebo	Cetirizine	RR for developing	Log-Rank		
5		(70)	(70)	a chlore a seela non Militaria constitui	Test		
				cetirizine treated	p value		
				[95% CI]			
	ITT population	(38.0)	(37.7)		0.973		
				[0.8; 1.2]			
10	Subgro	Subgroups with elevated IgE or eosinophils at baseline					
	Total IgE (PRIST)*	(43.6)	(38.1)	0.9	0.391		
				[0.7; 1.1]	•		
	IgE Grass pollen (GX1)*	(58.8)	(27.8)	0.5	0.002		
				[0.3; 0.9]			
15	IgE HDM (D1)*	(51.5)	(28.6)	0.6	0.005		
				[0.3; 0.9]			
	IgE Cat dander (E1)*	(47.1)	(40.6)	0.9	0.610		
	•			[0.6; 1.3]			
	IgE Egg (F1)*	(39.3)	(31.2)	0.8	0.292		
20	. :			[0.6; 1.1]			
	IgE Milk (F2)*	(40.9)	(30.7)	0.7	0.140		
				[0.5; 1.0]			
	IgE HDM+Grass pollen	(53.7)	(34.2)	0.6	0.006		
	i I			[0.4; 0.9]			
25	Eosinophil count	(47.6)	(42.7)	0.9	0.674		
				[0.6 ; 1.3]			

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	RR	relative risk		
30	CI	confidence interval		
	()*	Pharmacia & Upjohn Diagnostics references		
	HDM	House Dust Mite		
	Elevated values	Total IgE : ≥30 kU/l,		
		Specific IgE : ≥0.35 kUA/l,		
35		Eosinophils: >0.7 giga/1		